Emro Science and Education
Open-access scientific journal
Journal homepage: https://journal.emro.uz

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CONFERENCE PAPER OPEN ACCESS

Vol. 1 No. 1 (2023) · “Axborot oqimlari va intellektual tizimlarning ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy va texnik-texnologik tarmoqlardagi o‘rni” mavzus...

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PROS AND CONS OF USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN MANUFACTURING

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The integration of artificial intelligence (AI) in manufacturing processes has seen significant growth in recent ears, transforming the industry in numerous ways. This article explores the advantages and disadvantages of employing AI in manufacturing. By using the IMRAD format, we present a comprehensive review of the literature, shedding light on the impact of AI on efficiency, quality, and cost-effectiveness, as well as its potential drawbacks. This analysis highlights the importance of a balanced approach to harness the benefits of AI while mitigating its associated challenges.

Artificial intelligence (AI) has emerged as a revolutionary technology with the potential to reshape the manufacturing sector. With the increasing availability of data and advancements in AI algorithms, manufacturers are leveraging AI to enhance various aspects of their operations. This article aims to provide an overview of the pros and cons of using AI in manufacturing, offering insights into its impact on efficiency, quality, and cost-effectiveness.

To compile this review, a thorough search of scientific literature, technical reports, and industry publications was conducted. The collected data was categorized into two main sections: the advantages and disadvantages of AI in manufacturing. Each section was further divided into subtopics for an in-depth analysis.

Pros of Using AI in Manufacturing

Enhanced Efficiency The implementation of AI technologies, such as machine learning and robotics, has significantly improved manufacturing efficiency. AI-powered systems can optimize production schedules, minimize downtime, and automate repetitive tasks. For instance, predictive maintenance models using AI can anticipate equipment failures, reducing unplanned downtime and increasing production efficiency [1].

Improved Quality Control AI-driven quality control systems can detect defects and deviations in real-time, ensuring that only products meeting stringent standards are delivered to customers. Machine vision, a subset of AI, can identify imperfections at an astonishing speed and accuracy, enhancing product quality [2].

Cost Reduction AI enables manufacturers to optimize resource allocation, reduce energy consumption, and minimize waste. Through predictive maintenance, manufacturers can save on maintenance costs by addressing issues before they lead to major breakdowns. AI can also assist in supply chain management, reducing inventory carrying costs and ensuring timely delivery [3].

Cons of Using AI in Manufacturing

High Initial Investment Integrating AI systems into manufacturing processes often requires significant capital investment. Implementing AI infrastructure, training personnel, and developing custom solutions can be costly for some organizations, particularly small and medium-sized enterprises [4].

Published: 10.11.2023

Cite this article: J.Sh. Sodikjanov (2023). Pros and cons of using artificial intelligence in manufacturing. Emro Science and Education, 1(1). https://journal.emro.uz/public/maqola/702

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Data Security and Privacy Concerns AI systems rely heavily on data, which can raise concerns regarding data security and privacy. Manufacturers must be vigilant in protecting sensitive information from breaches and ensuring compliance with data protection regulations [5].

Workforce Displacement As automation through AI technologies becomes more prevalent, there is a concern about job displacement. Routine and repetitive tasks are increasingly being handled by AI systems, potentially leading to workforce redundancies. However, this also presents opportunities for upskilling and reskilling the workforce for higher-value tasks [6].

The adoption of AI in manufacturing offers substantial benefits, including improved efficiency, enhanced quality control, and cost reduction. Nevertheless, it is essential to acknowledge the potential drawbacks associated with AI integration. These include high initial investments, data security and privacy concerns, and workforce displacement.

To successfully harness the advantages of AI while minimizing its disadvantages, manufacturers should adopt a balanced approach. This may involve careful planning, employee training, cybersecurity measures, and strategies to transition the workforce toward more valuable roles.

Artificial intelligence is transforming the manufacturing industry by offering numerous advantages, including enhanced efficiency, improved quality control, and cost reduction. However, it also presents challenges such as high initial investments, data security concerns, and workforce displacement. By recognizing these pros and cons, manufacturers can make informed decisions about AI implementation, maximizing its benefits while addressing its potential drawbacks.

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